



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/516,512	12/01/2004	Carol Hobon	262017US6PCT	6972
22850	7590	08/10/2009		
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			EXAMINER SIMONE, CATHERINE A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1794	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/10/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com
oblonpat@oblon.com
jgardner@oblon.com

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/516,512	Applicant(s) HOBON ET AL.	
	Examiner CATHERINE SIMONE	Art Unit 1794	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 May 2009.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 16-33 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 24-29 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 16-23 and 30-33 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/21/2009 has been entered.

Withdrawn Rejections

2. The 35 U.S.C. 102(e) rejection of claims 16-18, 20, 22, 23 and 30-32 as anticipated by Freeman of record in the Final Office Action mailed 1/22/2009 on pages 2-5 has been withdrawn due to the Applicant's amendment filed 4/22/2009.

3. The 35 U.S.C. 103(a) rejection of claims 19 and 21 over Freeman of record in the Final Office Action mailed 1/22/2009 on pages 5-6 has been withdrawn due to the Applicant's amendment filed 4/22/2009.

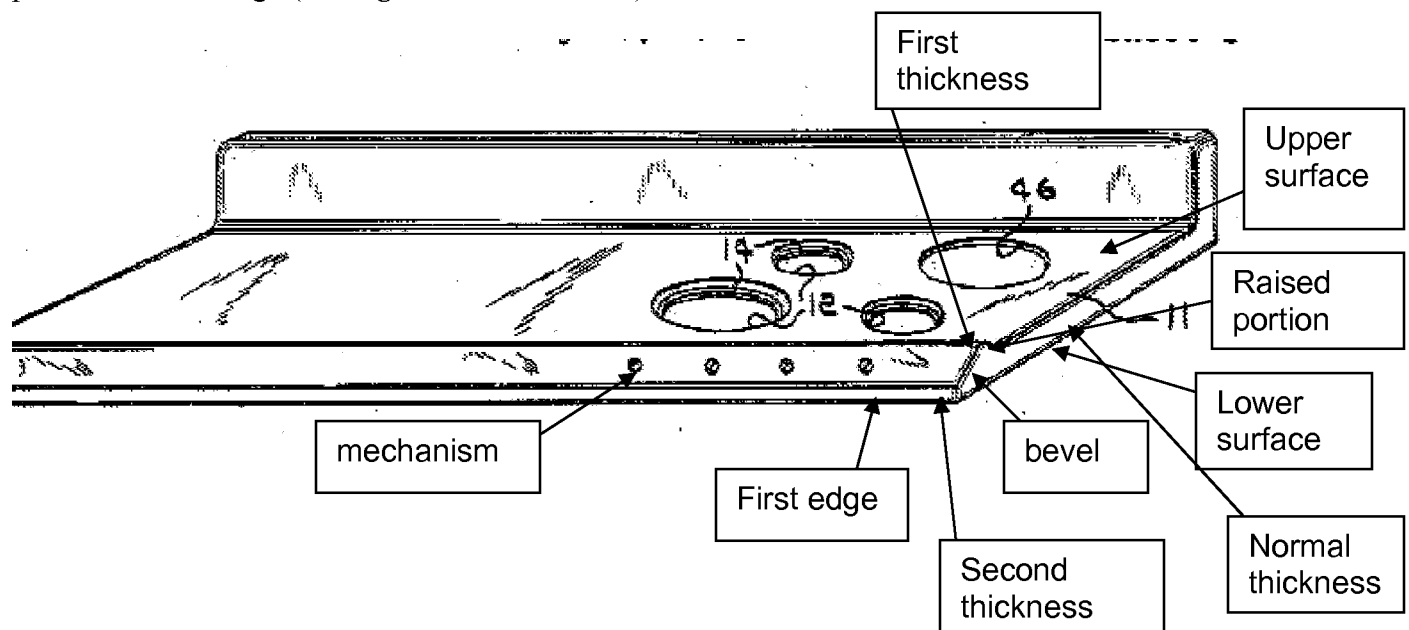
Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 16-23 and 30-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morton (US 2,414,162) in view of Hurko et al. (US 3,674,983).

4. Regarding independent claims 16 and 30, Morton discloses a cooking and/or temperature-maintaining device, comprising one or more heating elements (*col. 4, lines 37-41*), and a top plate (*Fig. 1, top plate 11*) configured to cover the one or more heating elements, the plate including an upper surface and a lower surface, at least one bevel formed at a first edge of the upper surface, the at least one bevel having thickness in a direction perpendicular to the lower surface of the plate decreasing along the bevel in a direction from an interior portion of the plate to the first edge (*see Figure 1 shown below*).



5. Morton fails to disclose the top plate being made of glass-ceramic.

6. Hurko et al. teach a smooth surface electric cooktop being made of glass-ceramic in order to provide a smooth cooktop surface that is readily cleanable and that presents a pleasing appearance and does not permit the drainage of spillovers therebeneath (*col. 1, lines 15-26*).

Art Unit: 1794

7. Morton and Hurko et al. are analogous arts, since both teach top plates for cooking devices.

8. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the top plate in Morton to consist of glass-ceramic as suggested by Hurko et al. in order to provide a top plate having a smooth surface that is readily cleanable, that presents a pleasing appearance and that does not permit the drainage of spillovers therebeneath.

9. Morton also fails to disclose the at least one bevel being 35 mm or more wide.

10. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the bevel in Morton to have a width of 35 mm or more, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. MPEP 2144.04.

11. Regarding claim 17, Morton discloses the at least one bevel receiving one or more mechanisms configured to control the heating elements (*see Figure 1 shown above and col. 2, lines 44-46*).

12. Regarding claim 18, Morton discloses the at least one bevel following a raised portion (*see Figure 1 shown above*). However, Morton fails to disclose the thickness of the plate at a top of the raised portion being less than or equal to twice a standard thickness of the plate. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the top plate in Morton to have the thickness of the plate at a top of the raised portion being less than or equal to twice a standard thickness of the plate, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. MPEP 2144.04.

Art Unit: 1794

13. Regarding claim 19, Morton fails to disclose a thickness of at least 2 mm being left in the plate at a thinnest point of the at least one bevel. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the top plate in Morton to have a thickness of at least 2 mm being left in the plate at a thinnest point of the at least one bevel, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. MPEP 2144.04.

14. Regarding claim 20, Morton discloses the upper surface bearing the at least one bevel and the lower surface remaining approximately flat where facing the at least one bevel (*see Figure 1 shown above*).

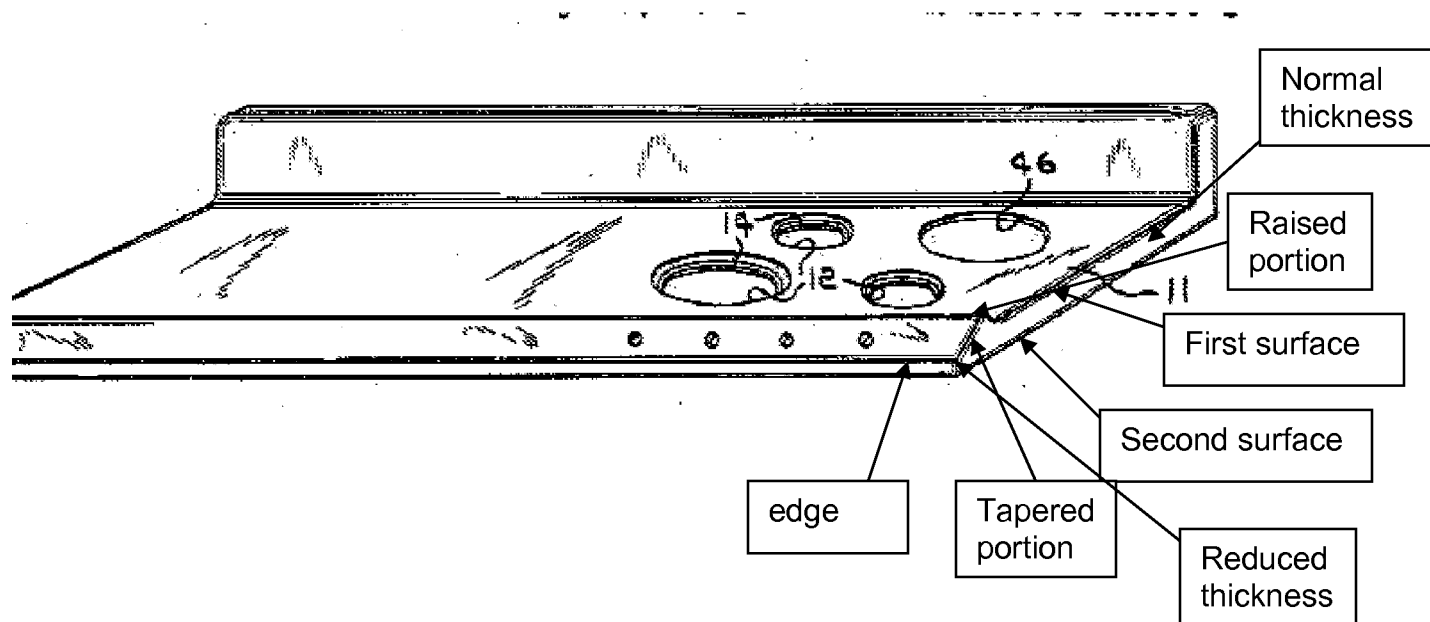
15. Regarding claim 21, Morton fails to disclose a ratio of width of the at least one bevel to a height of the at least one bevel being less than 23.3. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the top plate in Morton to have a ratio of width of the at least one bevel to a height of the at least one bevel being less than 23.3, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. MPEP 2144.04.

16. Regarding claim 22, Morton discloses the at least one bevel following a raised portion, the at least one bevel extending over at least one part of a width of the raised portion and a part of a width of the plate outside the raised portion (*see Fig. 1 shown above*).

17. Regarding claim 31, Morton discloses the thickness of the plate along the at least one bevel tapering from a first thickness to a second thickness, the second thickness being less than a normal thickness of the plate outside the at least one bevel (*see Fig. 1 shown above*).

Art Unit: 1794

18. Regarding independent claims 23 and 33, Morton discloses a cooking and/or temperature-maintaining device, comprising one or more heating elements (*col. 4, lines 37-41*), and a top plate (*Fig. 1, top plate 11*) configured to cover the one or more heating elements, the plate including a first surface and a second surface substantially parallel to the first surface, at least one raised portion formed above the first surface with a first thickness of the raised portion greater than a thickness of the plate outside the raised portion, and at least one tapered portion following the at least one raised portion tapering from the first thickness of the at least one raised portion to a reduced thickness toward an edge of the plate. (*see Figure 1 shown below*).



19. Morton fails to disclose the top plate being made of glass-ceramic.

Art Unit: 1794

20. Hurko et al. teach a smooth surface electric cooktop being made of glass-ceramic in order to provide a smooth cooktop surface that is readily cleanable and that presents a pleasing appearance and does not permit the drainage of spillovers therebeneath (*col. 1, lines 15-26*).

21. Morton and Hurko et al. are analogous arts, since both teach top plates for cooking devices.

22. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the top plate in Morton to consist of glass-ceramic as suggested by Hurko et al. in order to provide a top plate having a smooth surface that is readily cleanable, that presents a pleasing appearance and that does not permit the drainage of spillovers therebeneath.

23. Regarding claim 32, Morton discloses the reduced thickness being smaller than a normal thickness of the plate outside of the at least one tapered portion and the at least one raised portion (*see Figure 1 shown above*).

Response to Arguments

24. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 16-23 and 30-33 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground of rejection, which is presented above.

Conclusion

25. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to CATHERINE SIMONE whose telephone number is (571)272-1501. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:30-6:00 pm.

Art Unit: 1794

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Sample can be reached on (571) 272-1376. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Catherine Simone/
Examiner, Art Unit 1794

July 31, 2009